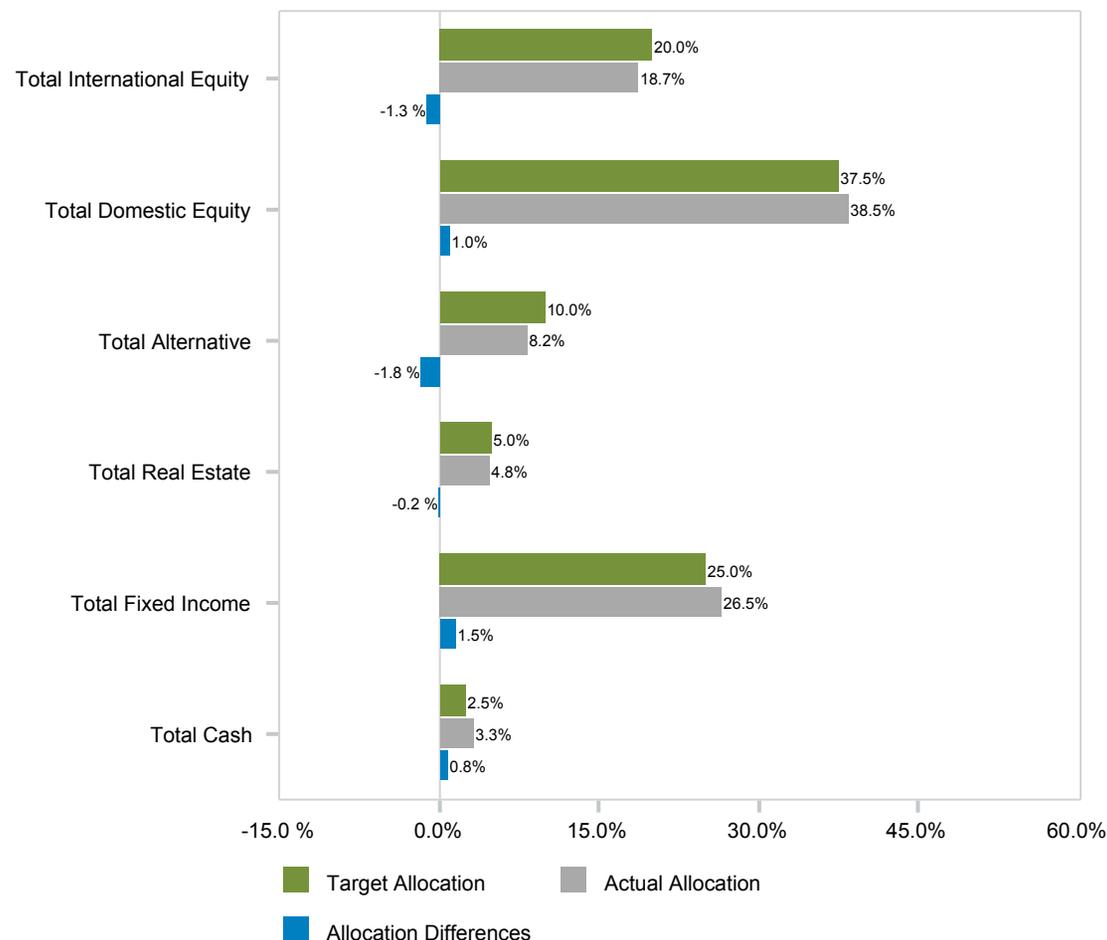


Target Vs. Actual Asset Allocation



Commentary

Broad asset class returns were positive during the 2nd quarter of 2019 with both equity and fixed income indices extending their year-to-date gains. US stocks outperformed international stocks during a very volatile quarter. Equity indices rose to start the period as progress in global trade negotiations outweighed signs of weakness in macroeconomic data. However, trade discussions between the US and China fell apart in May prompting increased tariffs and sharp declines in equity markets. The softening in economic data, stubbornly low inflation and the threat of slower future growth caused by ongoing disruption in trade led the Federal Reserve (Fed) to communicate a shift toward a more accommodative policy stance. This change in central bank posture caused markets to rebound strongly, ending the quarter higher for the period. Fixed income returns were also positive during the quarter as the prospect of more accommodative monetary policy pushed interest rates lower, increasing bond prices. Within domestic equity markets, large cap stocks outperformed small cap equities during the quarter with the S&P 500 Index returning 4.3% versus a 2.1% return on the small cap Russell 2000 Index. US equity returns over the 1-year period were positive within large and mid cap stocks, returning 10.4% and 7.8% respectively, but small cap stocks posted a loss, falling -3.3%.

Similar to US markets, international markets were volatile during the 2nd quarter as investors reacted to mixed economic data, heightened geopolitical uncertainty, particularly around the outlook for global trade and Brexit, and increased accommodation in central bank policy with the European Central Bank (ECB) and People's Bank of China (PBoC) pledging additional stimulus if needed. Developed markets outperformed emerging markets during the period with the MSCI EAFE Index returning 3.7% versus a 0.6% return on the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. Both developing and emerging markets posted modest gains over the 1-year period, returning 1.1% and 1.2% respectively.

Fixed income returns were in line with equities during the 2nd quarter. The broad market Bloomberg Barclays Aggregate Index returned 3.1% as a more dovish stance from the Fed and other global central banks pushed interest rates lower across the US Treasury Yield Curve. The curve steepened but remained inverted with shorter-term maturities paying higher interest rates than those in the middle of the curve. Investment grade corporate issues were the best performing securities for the second quarter in a row, outperforming Treasury and securitized issues. The Bloomberg Barclays Corporate IG Index returned 4.5% for the period, as corporate credit had tailwinds due to greater interest rate sensitivity, higher yields and tightening credit spreads. Corporate issues also outperformed the other major fixed income sectors over the 1-year period, returning 10.7% versus a 7.9% return for the Bloomberg Barclays Aggregate Index.

Comparative Performance

	QTR	YTD	FYTD	1 YR	3 YR	5 YR
Total Fund	3.57	12.90	5.07	5.07	8.84	4.91

Fiscal YTD is June 30.

This report is for the sole use of the named client. Information is based on sources and data believed to be reliable, but AndCo is not responsible for third party data and cannot guarantee the accuracy of the information. This report is presented as a supplement to the quarterly Investment Performance Review which contains additional important disclosure information.

